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Here and There

Editorial By ALEX. H. WASHBURN

THERE died in Washington, D. C., Sunday a man who enjoyed the reputation of knowing more about constitutional law than any other present-day American. He was James M. Beck, former solicitor general of the United States—and I became interested in him in 1926 when he published a book, "The Vanishing Rights of the States." The man had will power, perception and courage; and the book that in 1926 I read as a prophecy, has become, 10 years later, actual history.

In 1926 Mr. Beck was interesting himself in the constitutional question whether the sovereign states of Pennsylvania and Illinois having duly elected William S. Vare and Frank L. Smith to the United States Senate, the senate then had the right to go behind the election returns and forbid their being seated on the grounds that they had made use of illicit campaign funds.

Mr. Beck ridiculed the idea that morality could be preached down from a political government, instead of up to the government from the people. He insisted that if the people of Pennsylvania and Illinois, having thoroughly aired the charges which the senate was taking up anew, persisted in sending the most defamed men to represent them in Washington, then there was nothing Washington could do about it without wrecking the identity of the 48 states and imperiling the whole structure of democratic representative government.

And so Mr. Beck, in a somber frame of mind, wrote his book, "The Vanishing Rights of the States."

You recall that the United States Senate proceeded finally to do just what Mr. Beck feared it would do: It refused to seat Mr. Vare and Mr. Smith, alleging that they were very naughty men, and that in fact the people of Pennsylvania and Illinois were such entirely naughty people that they no longer deserved to hold the right of self-government.

From Addis Ababa came word that once more the populace had fled from the city at the approach of Italian air-planes, but again the Fascist planes failed to bomb Ethiopia's capital.

A preposterous premise! But this really occurred, ten years ago—and in the light of succeeding events Mr. Beck is proven to have been a prophet anticipating the fact, history, of our times.

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Mr. Beck's outline of the nature of our American government, and the federalization perils which were threatening it, so impressed me that I reversed the editorial policy of the El Dorado Daily News ten years ago, and, instead of denouncing Bill Vare, of Pennsylvania, and Frank Smith, of Illinois, for the two worthy crooks which they actually were—instead of denouncing individual politicians, I began to write about the meaning of such a precedent to the structure of our government.

The passions of the people, your history tells you, will sooner or later break down the structure of any government.

Even the Rome empire, greatest of all, lasted but 900 years.

But let me use the words of Mr. Beck. I am quoting from "The Vanishing Rights of the States" (page 14, Geo. H. Doran Co., New York):

"To the thoughtful American,

"the constitution is not unlike the sandy beach on an ocean front. The encroaching waves each day ebb and flow. At high tide there is less beach and at low tide more. At times the beach will be devoured by the ocean, when a tempest has lashed it into a fury, and then the waters will become as placid as a mountain lake, and the shore will seem to have triumphed in this age-old struggle between land and water."

What Mr. Beck had to say about the Vare-Smith case in the senate stayed with me when Huey P. Long flared across the front pages of the nation's newspapers, and when it was proposed to use federal authority against the people of Louisiana because of the man they had chosen to represent them in Washington.

The people of Louisiana, like the people of Illinois and Pennsylvania, have the right to send any man they choose to represent them in Washington—and so, as I did a decade before, I defended Huey P. Long in his role as spokesman for the people of Louisiana, however much I might disagree with the dangerous utterances by which he maintained himself in that role.

It is up to the people of each community, each state and section to find out the truth about their chosen representatives. By no other way will they be convinced. By no other means can democratic representative democratic government be maintained in America, proof against the erosion of time and the passions of men.

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On December 22, 1926, having received a copy of the El Dorado Daily News' article on his book, Mr. Beck wrote me a letter, part of which follows:

"I do hope . . . that representative Southerners will, sooner or later, appreciate the underlying

Selassie's Field Headquarters Is Reported Fallen

Press Reports to Rome Lack Official Confirmation, However

MARCH DOWN TANA

Marshal Badoglio Announces Advance Down Shore of 'British Lake'

ROME, Italy.—(AP)—Italian press dispatches from Ethiopia said Monday that the Fascist advance guard of the northern army had entered Dessye, former field headquarters of Emperor Haile Selassie.

The press reports had not been officially confirmed, however.

On Lake Tana

By the Associated Press

Marshal Badoglio, Italian commander in East Africa, telephoned from the northern front Monday that his troops operating in the western section of the northern front are pushing down along the shores of Lake Tana, center of the British interests in Ethiopia.

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Fair Park Hall Is Leased by Legion

Will Be Remodeled and Converted Into Legion Hut by Local Post

The American Legion post No. 12 of Hempstead county has leased Hope Park exhibit hall from the City of Hope, it was announced Monday.

The hall will be remodeled and converted into a Legion hut.

A special meeting has been called for Wednesday night of all legionnaires to discuss plans for remodeling and financing the project.

The meeting will be held at Fair Park and the entire organization will be present. The hall has been leased for a period of 10 years.

Nursery School in Brookwood Opened

Federal Project Operated Daily From 8:30 a. m. to 3:30 p. m.

A nursery school sponsored by the federal government has opened in the Brookwood school. Four rooms of the building have been equipped to meet the children's needs.

The nursery school is for children ranging in age from two and a half to four and a half years. Hours are from 8:30 a. m. to 3:30 p. m.

Instructors said that every attention is given to benefit the child physically, emotionally and socially.

The staff includes Miss Nella McMahan, Mrs. Roxie Baker and Mrs. E. M. Webb.

Pheasants Damage Crops

HONOLULU.—(AP)—Truck gardeners there complain wild pheasants have turned horticulturists at the expense of crops. The birds are so numerous a government campaign has been urged to eliminate them.

(Continued on page three)

Over Half Way to Addis Ababa

This Ethiopian war map shows the relative positions of Lake Tana and Dessye, both of which points were reported to be occupied by Italian troops Monday.

Lake Tana, on the extreme left, is the seat of British economic interests, where a hydro-power and flood-control dam has long been planned to control the headwaters of the Nile, great river that feeds British-owned Sudan and Egypt. Lake Tana is popularly thought to be the source of the present strained relations between Great Britain and Italy, growing out of Italy's African campaign.

Dessye, in the center of the map, is slightly over half way from Italian-owned Eritrea to Addis Ababa, the Ethiopian capital.

Emperor Haile Selassie, when he took the field in person, established headquarters at Dessye—but after successive defeats at the hands of the Blackshirts he fled.



County Bar Gives Bush Endorsement for Governorship

Attorneys and County Officials Speak at Circuit Court Session

JUDGE BUSH SILENT

Two Jury Trials Heard in Hempstead Circuit Court Monday

Circuit Judge Dexter Bush Monday was endorsed by the Hempstead County Bar association and county officials as a candidate for governor of Arkansas.

Meeting at the courthouse in Washington where circuit court is in session, enthusiastic talks were made by several attorneys and county officials.

Included among the speakers were Attorneys Steve Carrigan, Luke Monroe, John P. Vesey and W. S. Atkins. Other talks were made by Sheriff Jim Bearden, County Judge H. M. Stephens, former County Judge Luther Higginson and Crit Stuart.

Judge Bush had no immediate comment to make.

A circuit court jury Monday returned a verdict of guilty against Tom Cox of Hope, charged with forgery and robbery. He was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary on each of two charges, the sentences to run concurrently.

Cox was charged with forging a government check, made payable to Jim Vaughn, a negro.

Rooftwell and Dale Harris were acquitted by a jury on charges of cutting down trees.

Dola Strouther pleaded guilty to possession of untaxed paid liquor and was fined \$5 and costs.

Relatives attending the funeral services from out-of-town were Mrs. E. Harris of San Antonio, a sister of Mrs. Tom Powell, charged with burglary and grand larceny in connection with hog and chicken thefts.

The Legion Auxiliary is supervising the care of the memorial elms. The trees were put down a couple of weeks ago by the Alton CCC boys, who volunteered their labor on a Saturday, which is their holiday. At the conclusion of the planting the boys were served ice cream by Hope Star, which had developed the tree-planting idea from a demonstration at Waverly, Tenn., and were served cakes by Hope Rotary club, whose president, Roy Anderson, called the public meeting at which the Legion Auxiliary agreed to sponsor the project.

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City of Hope and The Star each gave \$50 to start the necessary \$300 fund and donations from the American Legion and the Young Men's Business Council have brought the total up to about \$135—leaving \$65 to be collected from a dozen other community organizations.

He said his address was not in any way intended to be an answer to an article in the press, in which Governor Futchell endorsed the amendment, proposed by Representative Leo Berg of Phillips county, which the legislature from enacting any new tax or re-enacting any emergency tax now in effect is "purely an effort to kill the sales tax."

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Speakers included W. E. Phipps, state commissioner of education.

Mr. Phipps declared that the proposed constitutional amendment to prohibit the legislature from levying any new taxes or re-enacting any emergency tax now in effect is "purely an effort to kill the sales tax."

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The raiding which was county-wide in scope, was directed by Revenue Commissioner Earl R. Wiseman, Prosecuting Attorney Fred A. Donham and Chief of Detectives O. N. Martin of the Little Rock Police Department.

He recounted efforts to have federal aid, amounting to \$2,500,000, in the past two and a half years, continued and said federal authorities agreed to continue aid through that school year.

If the sales tax were passed, it would be difficult to collect it, he said. He declared that the food and drug exemption amendment has proven very unsatisfactory and troublesome, both to collectors and to merchants.

Mr. Phipps said re-enactment of the measure without the food and drug exemptions would remove all serious defects and provide the amount of money estimated that the schools will need.

Advocating economy and efficiency in school operation, restoration of county school supervision, and continuation of the sales tax "until such time as other monies are sufficient for the state to provide a minimum of

monies estimated that the schools will need.

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Mr. Hutchins is connected with the Hope Water & Light Plant, as a night engineer.

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Opposite, Below: *The Herald From False Reports!*

Published every week-day afternoon by Star Publishing Co., Inc.
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C. E. PALMER, President
ALEX. H. WASHBURN, Editor and Publisher

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The Truth About Diet

By DR. MORRIS FISHBEIN
Editor, *Journal of the American Medical Association*, and of *Hygiene, the Health Magazine*.

When you eat an apple, you get 82½ per cent water and 12½ per cent carbohydrate with less than 1 per cent of the other constituents, except fiber. A strawberry gives you 90 per cent water, 6 per cent carbohydrate, and 1 per cent protein.

A raw peach provides 95 per cent carbohydrate, but if it is boiled the carbohydrate is greatly reduced. A banana provides 74 per cent water, 22.7 per cent carbohydrate, and 16 per cent protein, whereas, watermelon gives 92.9 per cent water, 6.5 per cent carbohydrate, and very little protein.

Dried fruits, such as raisins, dates and figs, have, of course, much less water (from 15 to 20 per cent), and, from 75 to 75 per cent carbohydrate. Because of their concentrated character, they provide as much as 1500 calories a pound.

An ordinary apple provides 100 calories, three plums, or three prunes give 100 calories, and, so will a two-inch slice of watermelon. An orange provides the same number of calories, but it takes whole cantaloupe to give equal energy. For this reason, cantaloupe is a good substance in a reducing diet.

Among the unusual fruit products are the cranberry and the avocado. Cranberries are slightly laxative, like other fruits, and they provide fair amounts of vitamin C, but lesser amounts of As, B, and D. The cranberry also is useful for its iodine content.

Many people feel that the cranberry is dangerous because it produces acid, scientific tests show, however, that the

Today's Health Question

Q—D the cat and the dog transmit contagious diseases, such as diphtheria? If so, is the disease common among these animals?

A—That domestic animals have the usual contagious diseases of man is very doubtful, although cats have been reported as having diphtheria. There is no doubt, however, that pets have been associated with children sick with diphtheria, and scarlet fever may carry infectious materials to other children in the same manner as is done by persons.

all the reserve of the body does not decrease until more than 50 grams of cranberries, or more than one quarter pound, have been eaten.

Few people eat as much as a quarter pound of cranberries at one time. The human body has factors of safety which take care of acidity coming in this manner.

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Society

Mrs. Sid Henry

Telephone 321

The Athearn and Ghamet's Sunday school classes will hold a social meeting at the new Baptist church Sunday school building at 7:30 Tuesday evening.

Keep a watch on your words, my dear, For words are, wonderful things; They are sweet, like the bee's, fresh honey.

Like the bees they have terrible stings They can't bless like the warm glad sunlight;

And brighten a lonely life; They can cut out in the strife of anger,

Like an open two-edged knife. Let them pass through your lips until their errand is true and kind—

If they come to support the weary, To comfort and help the blind;

If, a bitter, revengeful spirit, Prompts the words, let them be unsaid;

They may flash through the brain like lightning.

Or fall on a heart like lead.

Keep them back, if they are cold and cruel.

Under bar, lock and seal;

The wounds they make, my darling, Are always slow to heal.

May peace guard your life, and ever,

From the time of your early youth,

May the words that you daily utter Be words of beautiful truth.—Selected

Comer Boyett spent Easter with Mrs. Boyett at the home of relatives in Shreveport.

Miss Jewell McCulley was the week end guest of Miss Frances Barham in Texarkana.

The Hope Garden Club will meet at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. M. M. Smythe on South Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Porterfield of Little Rock were Easter guests of Mrs.

1/2 Price Sale
ON
Coats & Suits
LADIES'
Specialty Shop

SAE NGER
ENDING
MADAME DIETRICH
GRAY COOPER
Desire
Cartoon & News

• TUESDAY ONLY
Mat. 2:30 15c

Carl Laemmle Presents
Carole LOMBARD
in FAITH BALDWIN'S
LOVE BEFORE BREAKFAST

A total of 80,656,000 nickels was coined by the government mint in Washington in 1935, as compared with 27,693,000 in 1934.

Coming—Four Eventful Days in Hope, April 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th. Put a ring around these four days on your calendar—Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. It's the date of the Rexall Original One-Cent Sale—250 bargains to choose from. A circular will be placed in your front door. Keep it and check the articles desired and send or bring it with you for quicker service.

JOHN S. GIBSON
Drug Company
"The REXALL Store"
Phone 63
Hope, Ark. Established 1885

SPARK PLUGS

CHAMPION 49c

A. C. 39c

MICA 29c

TROJAN 29c

Each in Sets

GENUINE CHEVROLET HORNS \$1.89

Each

AUTOMOTIVE SUPPLY CO.

112 S. Main Phone 144

Hope, Ark.

BLANKETS LAUNDERED

By the Woolen Mills Process 50c

No Shrinkage

Nelson-Huckins

6c

Each

6c

Famous Writer

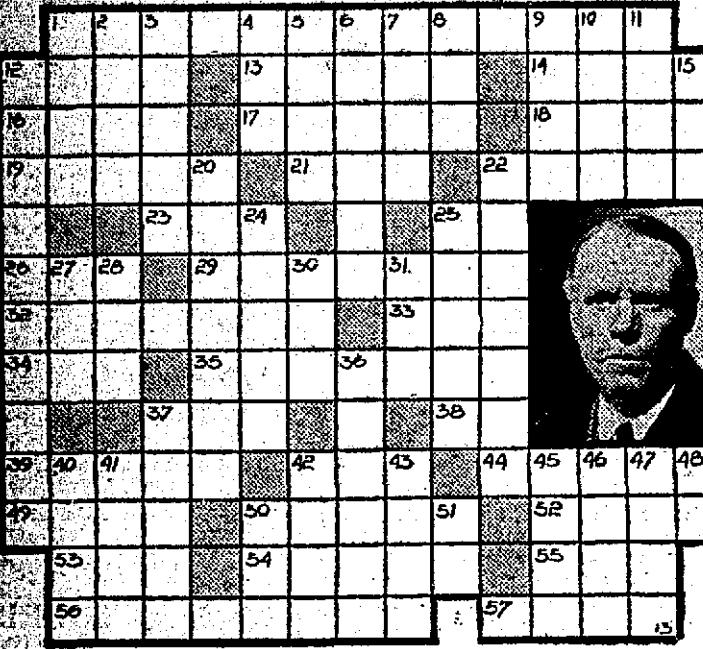
ENTERTAINMENT **Answer to Previous Puzzles**

CHARLES L. MARCH **GOALS**
NEARLY BRAVE LOCATIONS
SO POMELEAS ME
PUNISPROPOSITION
ETAPES
CITIES
TATS
IRE ROAR
VIALARD
E PAIN MEAT GOO
NEWS BALE WORN
RUINER RUD SCOMES

Vertical
12 Not right.
22 Month of a.
23 Knock.
24 Liberal giving.
25 An enlivener.
26 Root point.
27 Forgetting.
28 Light brown.
29 Drink liquor.
30 Musical note.
31 Instruments.

Horizontal
13 Mag.
14 Type of alphabet.
15 Bud.
16 Window parts.
17 Narrow way.
18 Before.
19 Wrath.
20 Meat.
21 He was formerly a.
22 He wrote "Street."

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1/4 Million of New Homes This Year

Millions of Dollars Borrowed to Fill U.S. Housing Shortage

By SIGRID ARNE
Associated Press Correspondent
WASHINGTON—(AP)—Building of private homes has increased so rapidly in the last half year that a building "boomlet" is predicted for 1938.

This year will see the construction of 1,500,000 new homes, says Stewart McCloud, federal housing administrator. He is corroborated by the federal home loan bank board which forecasts the construction of "over

1,000,000" new homes during the year. Many factors contribute to this sudden rush of Americans for homes of their own—some social, some financial. Federal experts point to the shortage of homes, estimated from 750,000 to 1,500,000, created by the depression years when new construction slumped. They also point out that there is a large "marriage reserve" among persons unable to marry during the depression; to widespread doubling-up of families which now are seeking homes of their own; to accumulated obsolescence of old homes; to the normal desire of householders to escape run-down neighborhoods, and to the return of net population movement from farms to cities.

New schemes to finance home building, inaugurated by the federal housing administration, have opened avenues to a new set of would-be homeowners. Prior to the government's entry into the field it was customary to write no mortgages for longer than 12 years.

Many of the homes were secured by first and second mortgages, necessitating periodic renewals with extra charges. Furthermore, most financial institutions limited their lending on homes to 50 to 66 per cent of the value of the property.

Federal housing put into effect last year a plan for mortgaging that permitted payments over 20 years. The plan was a single mortgage arrangement which also permitted lending a higher per cent of the value of the home.

Federal housing records for last year forecast the types of homes and loans that the majority of Americans will be seeking. The average value of the new one-family homes secured by federal housing last year was \$6,000. Terms for payment averaged between 17 and 20 years, and 70.8 per cent of those mortgages were written for 76 to 80 per cent of the value of the homes.

The federal new home housing program started in January, 1935, and 12,360 loans totaling \$60,248,256 were made that year. These figures are expected to double during 1938.

In addition 708,729 loans totaling \$246,070,729 were made for the modernization of old homes.

Mortgages accepted by the FHA in the first three months of 1938 for home building and modernization totaled \$63,043,685, compared with \$7,070,013 in the same period last year.

Many other institutions are engaged in combating the housing shortage. The federal home loan bank board is releasing money to building and loan associations.

PWA expects to construct 25,000 dwelling units this year at an approximate cost of \$130,000,000. These units will be, for the most part, in large apartment communities, and will be rented to those who move in.

Resettlement plans under way will provide 29,315 new homes this year. They will average in cost from \$1,407 for a three-room house to \$2,500 for a six-room house.

Increased building also is anticipated by people who have the cash. Financing also is available from private banks which will lend without government security, and from private individuals who engage in loaning money for home-building.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished bedroom with private bath and entrance. 319 North Elm street. Phone 655-W. 9-31c

FOR RENT—South east downstairs bedroom. With bath. Phone 321. 3-th-dh

FOR RENT—Five room furnished apartment. Private with garage, in my home. J. A. Sullivan. 27-if

WANTED—SCRAP IRON
Any kind, any quantity, also Metals—
Aluminum, Copper, Brass, etc., Batteries, Radiators, Sacks, Paper, Dry Bones, and Clean Rags.

P. A. LEWIS MOTOR COMPANY
Iron Yard Hazel and Division Streets,
Hope, Ark. 9-36tp

OUR BOARDING HOUSE

WITH MAJOR HOOPLES



WHY MOTHERS GET GRAY

J. R. WILLIAMS

4-13

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